

Customer training workshop: Device Configurator_Pins

TRAVEO™ T2G CYT4BF series Microcontroller Training
V1.0.0 2022-12



Please read the [Important notice and warnings](#) at the end of this document

Scope of work

- › This document helps application developers understand how to use the Device Configurator pins as part of creating a ModusToolbox™ (MTB) application
 - The Device Configurator pins are part of a collection of tools included with the MTB software. It provides a GUI to configure the pin-related resources.

- › ModusToolbox™ tools package version: 3.0.0
- › Device Configurator version: 4.0
- › Device
 - The TRAVEO™ T2G CYT4BFBCH device is used in this code example.
- › Board
 - The TRAVEO™ T2G KIT_T2G-B-H_EVK board is used for testing.

Introduction

› **GPIO has the following features:**

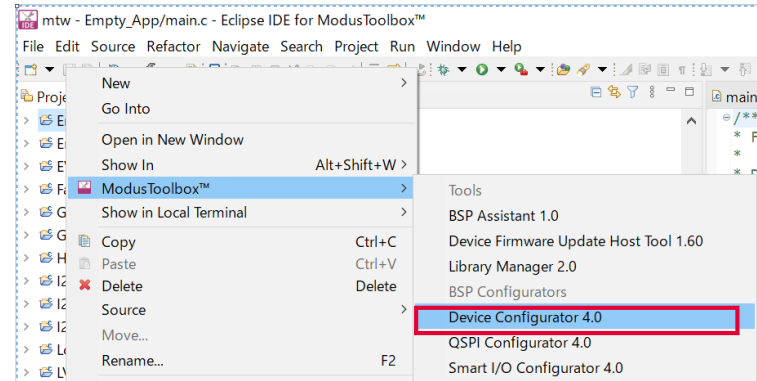
- Analog and digital input and output capabilities
- Eight drive strength modes
- Separate port read and write registers
- Edge-triggered interrupts on rising edge, falling edge, or on both the edges, on all GPIO
- Slew rate control
- Hold mode for latching previous state (used to retain the I/O state in DeepSleep mode)
- Selectable CMOS, TTL, and automotive input buffer mode
- Smart I/O provides the ability to perform Boolean functions in the I/O signal path
- See the Architecture technical reference manual for GPIO details

Launch the Device Configurator

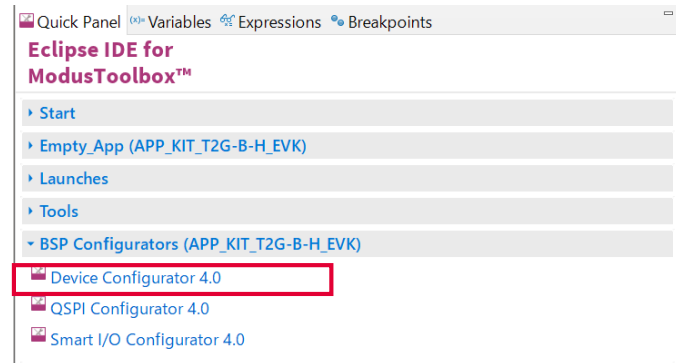
> From Eclipse IDE

– You can launch the Device Configurator by either of the following methods:

a) Right-click on the project in the Project Explorer and select **ModusToolbox™ > Device Configurator <version>**



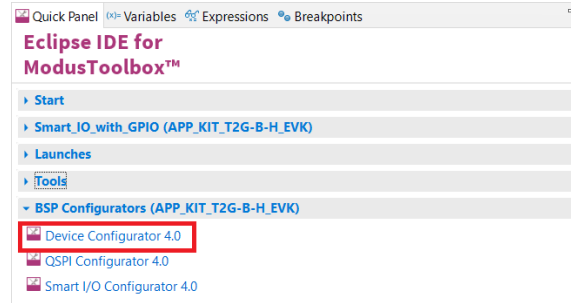
b) Click the Device Configurator link in the Quick Panel



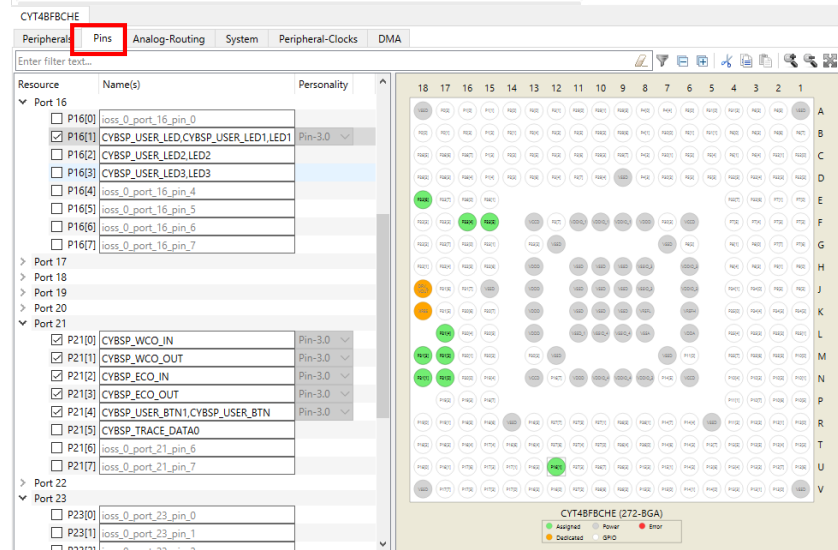
Launch the Device Configurator (contd.)

> From Device Configurator

1) Open the Device configurator



2) On the Pins tab, check each port resource



Device Configurator Pin config view

> Device Configurator pins

- The Pins tab/tree is where you enable all the pin related resources

All available pins are shown in an expandable tree, arranged by the port number. You can check the port numbers that are set to enabled.

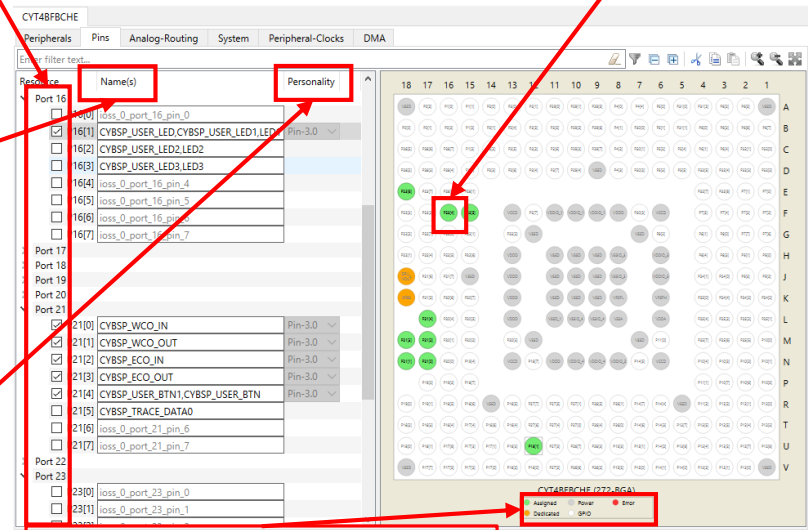
Name(s)

- This displays the current resource name(s). This is an editable field where you can specify optional, alternate names for this resource. This is also used in generated code.
- Enter any string in this field. The tool converts the name into a legal C identifier and replaces nonlegal characters with underscores.
- If entering more than one name, use a comma-separated list.

Personality

- Some peripherals, such as Serial Communication Block (SCB) and Timer, Counter, Pulse Width Modulator (TCPWM), have a pull-down menu to select a specific personality, such as UART, SPI, or I2C
- Some peripherals have multiple personality versions from which you can select
- Some peripherals have a read-only field that only shows the name of this resource's personality file

You can also enable/disable a pin by double-clicking it in the diagram



Pin states are shown in different colors:
 Green – Assigned, Orange – Dedicated
 Grey – Power, White – GPIO
 Red – Error

Device Configurator pin config view (contd.)

> Device Configurator pin configuration

You can select a port

You can enable/disable a pin by double-clicking it in the diagram

You can select the parameters

The screenshot displays the Device Configurator interface for the CYT48FBCHE device. On the left, the 'Resources' pane shows 'Port 16' selected, with pin P16[1] (CYBSP_USER_LED, CYBSP_USER_LED1, LED1) highlighted. The central pin diagram shows a grid of pins from 18 to 1, with P16[1] highlighted in green. On the right, the 'Parameters' window for P16[1] is open, showing configuration options for Drive Mode, Threshold, Slew Rate, and Internal Connection. Red boxes and arrows point to these elements, illustrating the configuration process.

Configure Drive mode and initial Drive state

Configure Threshold and Interrupt Trigger Type for input

Configure Slew Rate and Drive Strength for output

Configure internal function Input/Output

Device Configurator Pin config view (contd.)

> Device Configurator pin configuration

The screenshot displays the Device Configurator interface for the CYT48F8C4E device. On the left, the 'Resources' list shows various pins and peripherals. Pin P16[1] is selected, and its configuration is shown in the 'Personality' column as 'Pin-3.0'. The central pin grid shows the physical layout of the device with pins numbered 1 to 18. Pin P16[1] is highlighted in green. The right-hand side shows the 'Code Preview' window, which contains the generated C code for the selected pin configuration. A red box highlights the code preview window, and a red arrow points from a text box to it.

```

/* NOTE: This is a preview only. It combines elements of the
 * cycfg_pins.c and cycfg_pins.h files located in the folder
 * C:/Users/UmenKazuo/mw/GPIO_Pins/bsps/TARGET_APP_KIT_T2G-B-H_EVK/config/Generated.
 */

#include "cy_gpio.h"
#if defined(CY_USING_HAL)
#include "cyhal_hwmgr.h"
#endif //defined(CY_USING_HAL)

#define CYBSP_USER_LED_PORT GPIO_PRT16
#define CYBSP_USER_LED1_PORT CYBSP_USER_LED_PORT
#define LED1_PORT CYBSP_USER_LED_PORT
#define CYBSP_USER_LED_PORT_NUM 16U
#define CYBSP_USER_LED1_PORT_NUM CYBSP_USER_LED_PORT_NUM
#define LED1_PORT_NUM CYBSP_USER_LED_PORT_NUM
#define CYBSP_USER_LED_PIN I0
#define CYBSP_USER_LED1_PIN CYBSP_USER_LED_PIN
#define LED1_PIN CYBSP_USER_LED_PIN
#define CYBSP_USER_LED_NUM I0
#define CYBSP_USER_LED1_NUM CYBSP_USER_LED_NUM
#define LED1_NUM CYBSP_USER_LED_NUM
#define CYBSP_USER_LED_DRIVEMODE CY_GPIO_DM_ANALOG
#define CYBSP_USER_LED1_DRIVEMODE CYBSP_USER_LED_DRIVEMODE
#define LED1_DRIVEMODE CYBSP_USER_LED_DRIVEMODE
#define CYBSP_USER_LED_INIT_DRIVESTATE 1
#define CYBSP_USER_LED1_INIT_DRIVESTATE CYBSP_USER_LED_INIT_DRIVESTATE
#define LED1_INIT_DRIVESTATE CYBSP_USER_LED_INIT_DRIVESTATE
#ifndef ioss_0_port_16_pin_1_HSIOM
#define ioss_0_port_16_pin_1_HSIOM HSIOM_SEL_GPIO
#endif
#define CYBSP_USER_LED_HSIOM ioss_0_port_16_pin_1_HSIOM
#define CYBSP_USER_LED1_HSIOM CYBSP_USER_LED_HSIOM
#define LED1_HSIOM CYBSP_USER_LED_HSIOM
#define CYBSP_USER_LED_IRQ ioss_interrupts_gpio_16_IRQn
#define CYBSP_USER_LED1_IRQ CYBSP_USER_LED_IRQ
#define LED1_IRQ CYBSP_USER_LED_IRQ
#if defined(CY_USING_HAL)
#define CYBSP_USER_LED_HAL_PORT_PIN P16_1

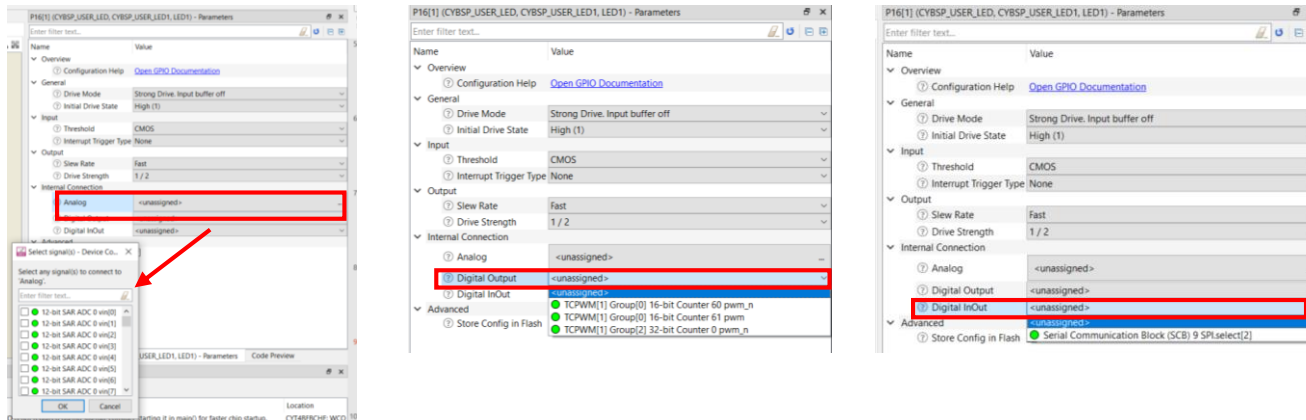
```

Code preview automatically generates the selected parameter configuration

Device Configurator pin config view (contd.)

› Internal connection

- Device Configurator can configure inputs and outputs for internal functions
- You can connect to Analog, Digital Output, and Digital Input
- Click the value box to select the connectable function input/output in the pull-down menu
- The following is an example (see the device datasheet for connectable function input and output)



- If you configured function inputs and outputs, you must also configure the selected functions

Quick start

› **To use the Device Configurator for Pins setting**

- Launch the Device Configurator.
- Use the various menus to configure signals.
- The Device Configurator generates code into a "GeneratedSource" directory in your Eclipse IDE application, or in the same location you saved the *.modus file for non-IDE applications. That directory contains the necessary source (.c) and header (.h) files for the generated firmware, which uses the relevant driver APIs to configure the hardware.
- Use the generated structures as input parameters for pin configuration in your application.
- The generated structures are automatically configured in the *cybsp_init()* function. Therefore, the user does not need any specific action for pin configuration.

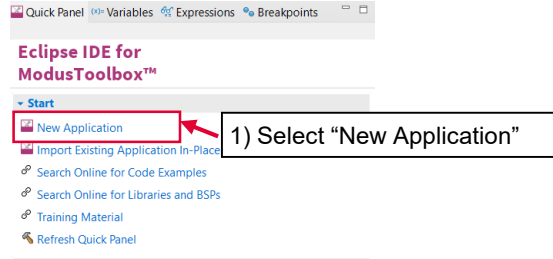
Use case

- › Configure P16.1 as an output pin. It is assigned as user LED output.
- › Configure P21.4 as an input pin. It is assigned as user button input.
- › The LED turns on by pressing the user button, and the LED turns off by releasing the user button.

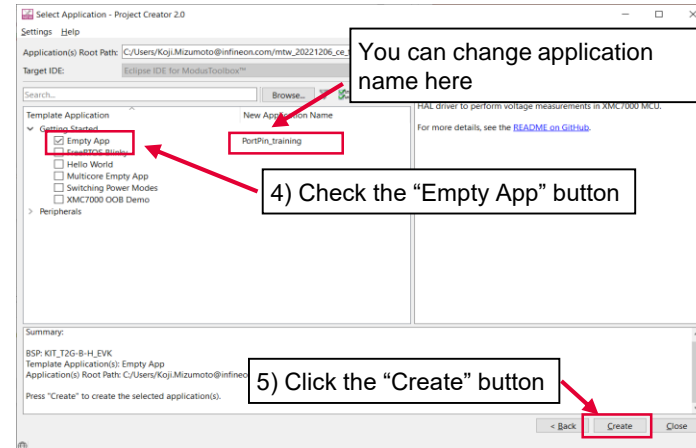
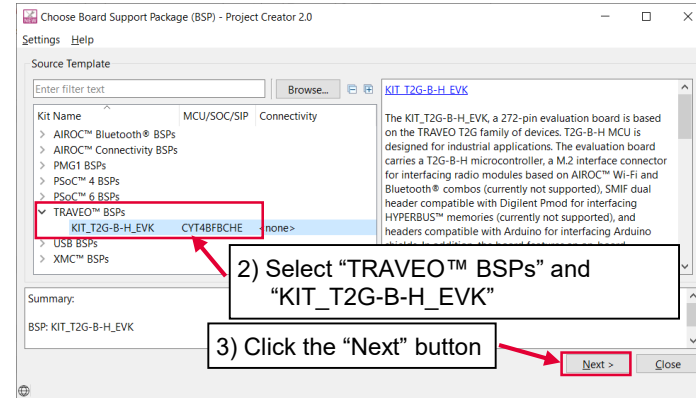
Device configurator configuration

> Create project

- 1) Click “New Application” in Quick Panel and open the Choose Board Support Package (BSP) window



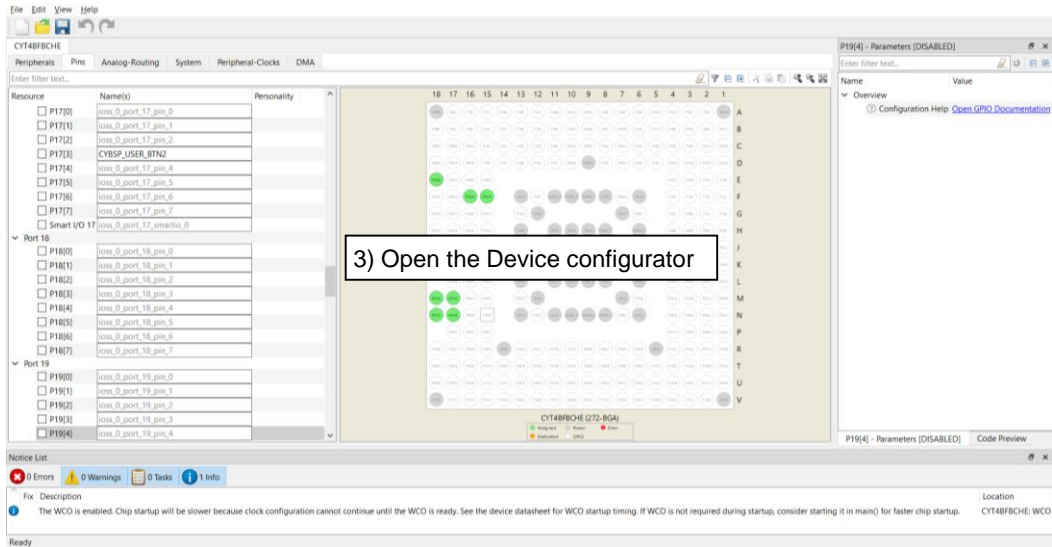
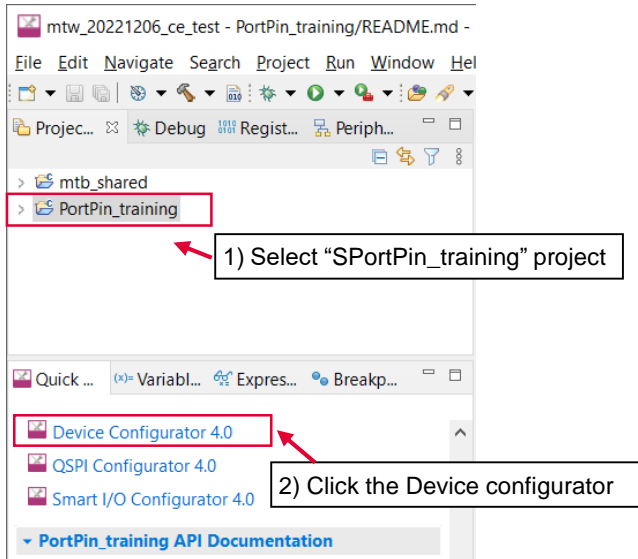
- 2) Select “TRAVEO™ BSPs” and “KIT_T2G-B-H_EVK”
- 3) Click the **Next** button and open the Application window
- 4) Check the “Empty App” option. In this use case, change the application name to “PortPin_training”.
- 5) Click the **Create** button to start application creation



Device configurator configuration (contd.)

› Launch the Device Configurator

- 1) Select the “PortPin_training” project.
- 2) Click the Device Configurator in the Quick Panel
- 3) Then, open the Device configurator window



Device configurator configuration (contd.)

> Configure GPIO

- Pin assignment is as follows:
 - P16[1] is used for “CYBSP_USER_LED”
 - P21[4] is used for “CYBSP_USER_BTN1”

Drive mode:
Strong Drive, input buffer off
Initial Drive state:
High

Internal connection:
GPIO (unassigned)

Drive mode:
Digital High-Z, input buffer on
Initial Drive state:
High

Threshold: CMOS
Interrupt Trigger Type:
Not use

Internal connection:
GPIO (unassigned)

Note: To limit noise, when Drive Strength is configured to “Full”. Device configurator displays a warning.

Device configurator configuration (contd.)

> Confirm configuration result

- You can check the configuration result in the “Code Preview” tab of the Device Configurator

P16.1: CYBSP_USER_LED

```
Code Preview
Enter search text...

#define CYBSP_USER_LED1 CYBSP_USER_LED
#define LED1 CYBSP_USER_LED
#define CYBSP_USER_LED_HAL_IRQ CYHAL_GPIO_IRQ_NONE
#define CYBSP_USER_LED1_HAL_IRQ CYBSP_USER_LED_HAL_IRQ
#define LED1_HAL_IRQ CYBSP_USER_LED_HAL_IRQ
#define CYBSP_USER_LED_HAL_DIR CYHAL_GPIO_DIR_OUTPUT
#define CYBSP_USER_LED1_HAL_DIR CYBSP_USER_LED_HAL_DIR
#define LED1_HAL_DIR CYBSP_USER_LED_HAL_DIR
#define CYBSP_USER_LED_HAL_DRIVEMODE CYHAL_GPIO_DRIVE_STRONG
#define CYBSP_USER_LED1_HAL_DRIVEMODE CYBSP_USER_LED_HAL_DRIVEMODE
#define LED1_HAL_DRIVEMODE CYBSP_USER_LED_HAL_DRIVEMODE
#endif //defined (CY_USING_HAL)

const cy_stc_gpio_pin_config_t CYBSP_USER_LED_config =
{
    .outVal = 1,
    .driveMode = CY_GPIO_DM_STRONG_IN_OFF,
    .hsiom = CYBSP_USER_LED_HSIOM,
    .intEdge = CY_GPIO_INTR_DISABLE,
    .intMask = 0UL,
    .vtrip = CY_GPIO_VTRIP_CMOS,
    .slewRate = CY_GPIO_SLEW_FAST,
    .driveSel = CY_GPIO_DRIVE_1_2,
    .vregEn = 0UL,
    .ibufMode = 0UL,
    .vtripSel = 0UL,
    .vrefSel = 0UL,
    .vohSel = 0UL,
};
#if defined (CY_USING_HAL)
const cyhal_resource_inst_t CYBSP_USER_LED_obj =
{
    .type = CYHAL_RSC_GPIO,
    .block_num = CYBSP_USER_LED_PORT_NUM,
    .channel_num = CYBSP_USER_LED_PIN,
};
#endif //defined (CY_USING_HAL)

P16[1] (CYBSP_USER_LED, CYBSP_USER_LED1, LED1) - Parameters Code Preview
```

P21.4: CYBSP_USER_BTN1

```
Code Preview
Enter search text...

#define CYBSP_USER_BTN1_IRQ ioss_interrupts_gpio_21_IRQn
#define CYBSP_USER_BTN1_IRQ CYBSP_USER_BTN1_IRQ
#if defined (CY_USING_HAL)
#define CYBSP_USER_BTN1_HAL_PORT_PIN P21_4
#define CYBSP_USER_BTN1_HAL_PORT_PIN CYBSP_USER_BTN1_HAL_PORT
#define CYBSP_USER_BTN1_P21_4
#define CYBSP_USER_BTN1 CYBSP_USER_BTN1
#define CYBSP_USER_BTN1_HAL_IRQ CYHAL_GPIO_IRQ_NONE
#define CYBSP_USER_BTN1_HAL_IRQ CYBSP_USER_BTN1_HAL_IRQ
#define CYBSP_USER_BTN1_HAL_DIR CYHAL_GPIO_DIR_INPUT
#define CYBSP_USER_BTN1_HAL_DIR CYBSP_USER_BTN1_HAL_DIR
#define CYBSP_USER_BTN1_HAL_DRIVEMODE CYHAL_GPIO_DRIVE_NONE
#define CYBSP_USER_BTN1_HAL_DRIVEMODE CYBSP_USER_BTN1_HAL_DRIVEMODE
#endif //defined (CY_USING_HAL)

const cy_stc_gpio_pin_config_t CYBSP_USER_BTN1_config =
{
    .outVal = 1,
    .driveMode = CY_GPIO_DM_HIGHS,
    .hsiom = CYBSP_USER_BTN1_HSIOM,
    .intEdge = CY_GPIO_INTR_DISABLE,
    .intMask = 0UL,
    .vtrip = CY_GPIO_VTRIP_CMOS,
    .slewRate = CY_GPIO_SLEW_FAST,
    .driveSel = CY_GPIO_DRIVE_1_2,
    .vregEn = 0UL,
    .ibufMode = 0UL,
    .vtripSel = 0UL,
    .vrefSel = 0UL,
    .vohSel = 0UL,
};
#if defined (CY_USING_HAL)
const cyhal_resource_inst_t CYBSP_USER_BTN1_obj =
{
    .type = CYHAL_RSC_GPIO,
    .block_num = CYBSP_USER_BTN1_PORT_NUM,
    .channel_num = CYBSP_USER_BTN1_PIN,
};
#endif

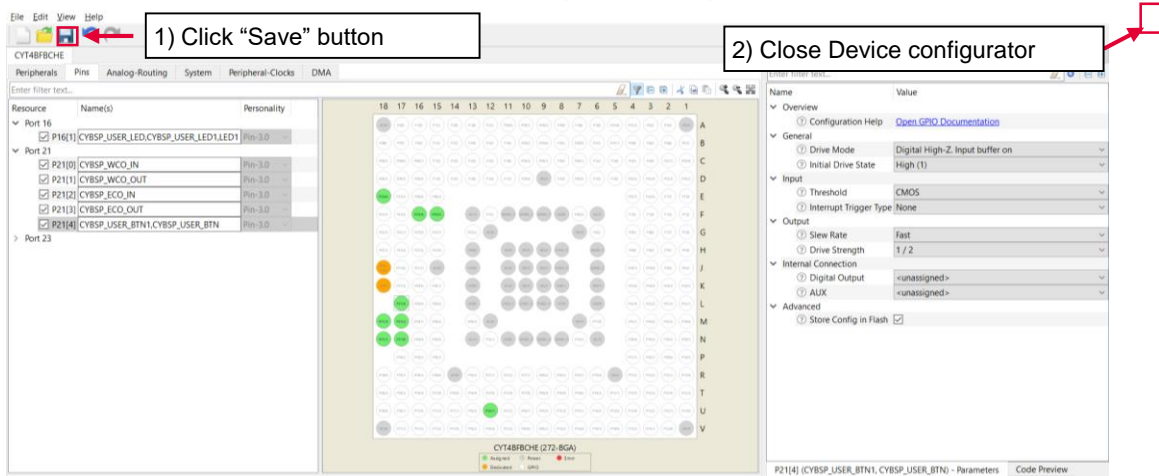
P21[4] (CYBSP_USER_BTN1, CYBSP_USER_BTN1) - Parameters Code Preview
```

Code preview tab

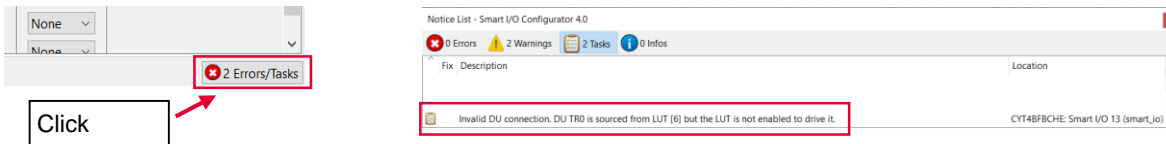
Device configurator configuration (contd.)

> Close Device configurator

- Click the **Save** button after completing all settings; then close the Device configurator



- If an **Errors/Tasks** message appears, it should be resolved according to the instructions



Device configurator configuration (contd.)

> Configuration file

- The Pins Configurator generates code into a "GeneratedSource" directory in your Eclipse IDE application, or in the same location you saved the *.modus file for non-IDE applications.
- In this example, the code is as follows:

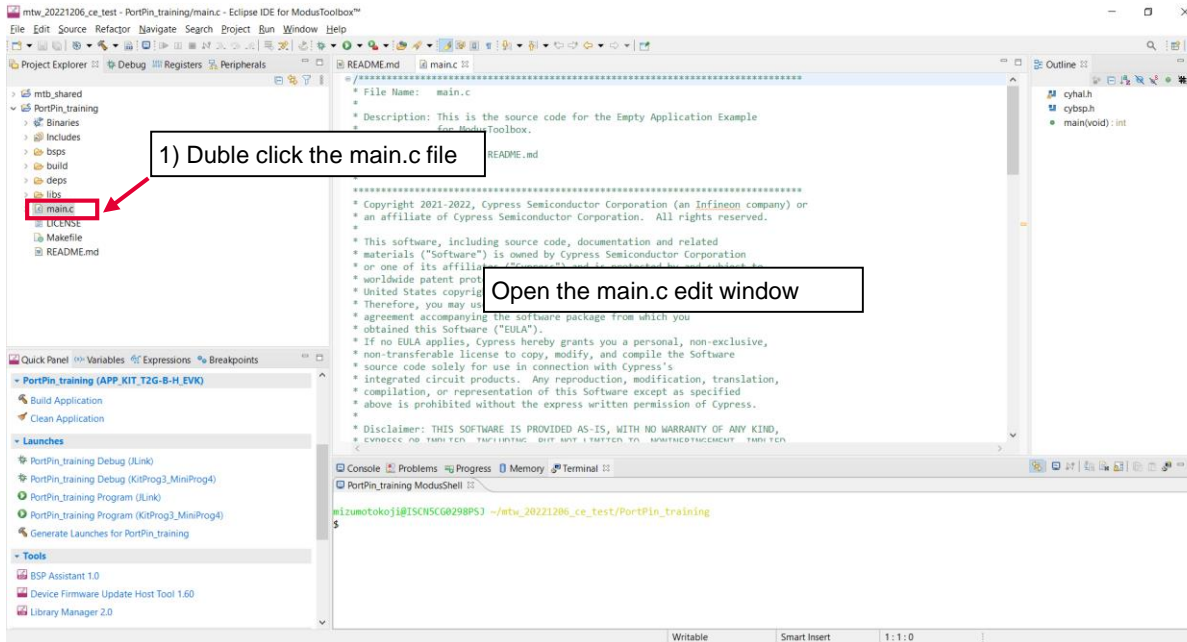
The image shows a file explorer window titled 'GeneratedSource' containing several files. Two files, 'cycfg_pins.c' and 'cycfg_pins.h', are highlighted with red boxes. Red arrows originate from these boxes and point to a code editor window displaying the content of 'cycfg_pins.h'. The code in the editor includes a license notice, an include directive for 'cycfg_pins.h', and a configuration structure for 'CYBSP_USER_LED_CONFIG' with various pin and mode settings. A second code editor window shows the content of 'cycfg_pins.c', which defines various macros for LED pin configurations.

```

22  * Unless required by applicable law or agreed to in writing, software
23  * distributed under the License is distributed on an "AS IS" BASIS,
24  * WITHOUT WARRANTIES OR CONDITIONS OF ANY KIND, either express or implied.
25  * See the License for the specific language governing permissions and
26  * limitations under the License.
27  *.....*/
28
29
30
31 #include "cycfg_pins.h"
32
33 const cy_stc_gpio_pin_config_t CYBSP_USER_LED_CONFIG =
34 {
35     .outVal = 1,
36     .driveMode = CY_GPIO_DM_STRONG_IN_OFF,
37     .hsiom = CYBSP_USER_LED_HSIOM,
38     .intEdge = CY_GPIO_INTR_DISABLE,
39     .intMask = 0UL,
40     .vtrip = CY_GPIO_VTRIP_CMOS,
41     .slewRate = CY_GPIO_SLEW_FAST,
42     .driveSel = CY_GPIO_DRIVE_1_2,
43     .vregEn = 0UL,
44     .libiMode = 0UL,
45     .vtripSel = 0UL,
46     .vrefSel = 0UL,
47     .vovSel = 0UL,
48 };
49 #if defined (CY_USING_HAL)
50 const cyhal_resource_inst_t CYBSP_USER_LED_obj =
51 {
52     .type = CYHAL_RSC_GPIO,
53     .block_num = CYBSP_USER_LED_PORT_NUM,
54     .channel_num = CYBSP_USER_LED_PIN,
55 };
56 #endif //defined (CY_USING_HAL)
57 const cy_stc_gpio_pin_config_t CYBSP_WCO_IN_CONFIG =
58 {
59
60
61
62
63
64
65
66
67
68
69
70
71
72
73
74
75
76
77
78
79
80
81
82
83
84 #define CYBSP_I2C_SDA (P15_1)
85 #define CYBSP_I2C_SCL (P15_2)
86 #endif //defined (CY_DRIVE_HAL)
87 #define CYBSP_USER_LED_ENABLED 1U
88 #define CYBSP_USER_LED1_ENABLED CYBSP_USER_LED_ENABLED
89 #define LED1_ENABLED CYBSP_USER_LED_ENABLED
90 #define CYBSP_USER_LED_PORT GPIO_PFT16
91 #define CYBSP_USER_LED1_PORT CYBSP_USER_LED_PORT
92 #define LED1_PORT CYBSP_USER_LED_PORT
93 #define CYBSP_USER_LED_PORT_NUM 16U
94 #define CYBSP_USER_LED1_PORT_NUM CYBSP_USER_LED_PORT_NUM
95 #define LED1_PORT_NUM CYBSP_USER_LED_PORT_NUM
96 #define CYBSP_USER_LED_PIN 16U
97 #define CYBSP_USER_LED1_PIN CYBSP_USER_LED_PIN
98 #define LED1_PIN CYBSP_USER_LED_PIN
99 #define CYBSP_USER_LED_NUM 1U
100 #define CYBSP_USER_LED1_NUM CYBSP_USER_LED_NUM
101 #define LED1_NUM CYBSP_USER_LED_NUM
102 #define CYBSP_USER_LED_DRIVEMODE CY_GPIO_DM_STRONG_IN_OFF
103 #define CYBSP_USER_LED1_DRIVEMODE CYBSP_USER_LED_DRIVEMODE
104 #define LED1_DRIVEMODE CYBSP_USER_LED_DRIVEMODE
105 #define CYBSP_USER_LED_INIT_DRIVESTATE 1
106 #define CYBSP_USER_LED1_INIT_DRIVESTATE CYBSP_USER_LED_INIT_DRIVESTATE
107 #define LED1_INIT_DRIVESTATE CYBSP_USER_LED_INIT_DRIVESTATE
108 #ifndef IOSS_0_PORT_16_PIN_1_HSIOM
    
```

Implementation

- › This section describes how to implement the configured pin setting. This example will implement the pin setting configuration in the PortPin_training project.
 - Open main.c in PortPin_training project



Implementation (contd.)

> Code modification

```

@ /*****
 * Header Files
 *****/
#include "cyhal.h"
#include "cybsp.h"
#include "cy_pdl.h"
#include "cycfg_pins.h"

```

Add include file

```

int main(void)
{
    cy_rslt_t result;
    volatile bool read_val = false;

    /* Initialize the device and board peripherals */
    result = cybsp_init();

    /* Board init failed. Stop program
    if (result != CY_RSLT_SUCCESS)
    {
        CY_ASSERT(0);
    }

    /* Enable global interrupts */
    _enable_irq();

    for (;;)
    {
        /* Read current button state from the user button on pin 21_4 */
        read_val = Cy_GPIO_Read(CYBSP_USER_BTN1_PORT, CYBSP_USER_BTN1_PIN);

        /* If button released, LED OFF */
        if (read_val == true)
        {
            Cy_GPIO_Write(CYBSP_USER_LED_PORT, CYBSP_USER_LED_PIN, CYBSP_LED_STATE_OFF);
        }
        /* If button pressed, LED ON */
        if (read_val == false)
        {
            Cy_GPIO_Write(CYBSP_USER_LED_PORT, CYBSP_USER_LED_PIN, CYBSP_LED_STATE_ON);
        }
    }
}

```

Add variable

The pin settings configured in Device Configurator are applied by calling *cybsp_init()* function

Added GPIO read/write functions

"CYBSP_USER_BTN1" signal

"CYBSP_USER_LED" signal

```

#define CYBSP_USER_BTN1_ENABLED 1U
#define CYBSP_USER_BTN1_PORT GPIO_PRT21
#define CYBSP_USER_BTN1_PORT_NUM 21U
#define CYBSP_USER_BTN1_PIN 4U

```

```

#define CYBSP_USER_LED_ENABLED 1U
#define CYBSP_USER_LED1_ENABLED CYBSP_USER_LED_ENABLED
#define CYBSP_USER_LED_PORT GPIO_PRT16
#define CYBSP_USER_LED1_PORT CYBSP_USER_LED_PORT
#define LED1_PORT_NUM 16U
#define CYBSP_USER_LED1_PORT_NUM CYBSP_USER_LED_PORT_NUM
#define CYBSP_USER_LED1_PIN 1U

```

Implementation (contd.)

Pin configuration

- › Call the ***Cybsp_init()*** function to configure pins
 - Initialize all hardware on the board
 - Pin settings that are configured in the Device Configurator are set in this function

GPIO port read

- › Call the ***Cy GPIO Read()*** function to read GPIO
 - It is used to read the user button state
 - “CYBSP_USER_BTN1” is configured as “***CYBSP_USER_BTN1_PORT***(= Port 21)” and “***CYBSP_USER_BTN1_PIN*** (= 4 pin)” in ***cycfg_pins.h*** file

GPIO port write

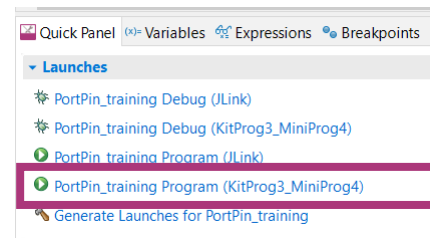
- › Call the ***Cy GPIO Write()*** function to set GPIO
 - It is used to control the user LED
 - “CYBSP_USER_LED” is configured as “***GPIO_USER_LED_PORT*** (= Port 16)” and “***GPIO_RST_LED_PIN*** (= 1 pin)” in ***cycfg_pins.h*** file

Compiling and programming

1. Connect to power and USB cable
2. Use Eclipse IDE for ModusToolbox™ software for compiling and programming
3. Compile
 - a) Select the target application project in the Project Explorer
 - b) In the Quick Panel, scroll down, and click “Build Application” in PortPin_training (APP KIT_T2G-B-H_EVK)

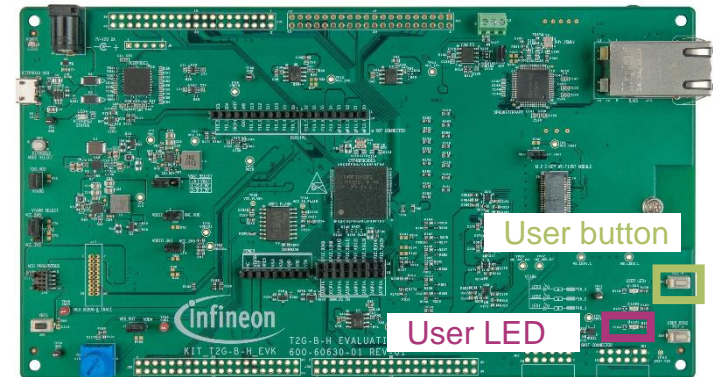


4. Programming
 - a) Select the target application project in the Project Explorer
 - b) In the Quick Panel, scroll down, and click “PortPin_training Program (KitProg3_MiniProg4)” in Launches



Run and test

1. After successful programming, press the user button (P21.4), and observe that the user LED (P16.1) turns ON demonstrating the GPIO read and write function.
2. Release the user button, observe that the user LED turns OFF



References

Datasheet

- › [CYT4BF datasheet 32-bit Arm® Cortex®-M7 microcontroller TRAVEO™ T2G family](#)

Architecture Technical reference manual

- › [TRAVEO™ T2G automotive body controller high family architecture technical reference manual](#)

Registers Technical reference manual

- › [TRAVEO™ T2G Automotive body controller high registers technical reference manual](#)

PDL/HAL

- › [PDL](#)

- › [HAL](#)

Training

- › [TRAVEO™ T2G Training](#)

Revision History

Revision	ECN	Submission Date	Description of Change
**	7846970	2022/12/12	Initial release

Important notice and warnings

All referenced product or service names and trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

Edition 2022-12

**Published by
Infineon Technologies AG
81726 Munich, Germany**

**© 2022 Infineon Technologies
AG.
All Rights Reserved.**

**Do you have a question about
this document?**

Go to:
www.infineon.com/support

**Document reference
002-36711 Rev. ****

IMPORTANT NOTICE

The information given in this document shall in no event be regarded as a guarantee of conditions or characteristics (“Beschaffenhheitsgarantie”).

With respect to any examples, hints or any typical values stated herein and/or any information regarding the application of the product, Infineon Technologies hereby disclaims any and all warranties and liabilities of any kind, including without limitation warranties of non-infringement of intellectual property rights of any third party.

In addition, any information given in this document is subject to customer's compliance with its obligations stated in this document and any applicable legal requirements, norms and standards concerning customer's products and any use of the product of Infineon Technologies in customer's applications.

The data contained in this document is exclusively intended for technically trained staff. It is the responsibility of customer's technical departments to evaluate the suitability of the product for the intended application and the completeness of the product information given in this document with respect to such application.

For further information on the product, technology, delivery terms and conditions and prices please contact your nearest Infineon Technologies office (www.infineon.com).

WARNINGS

Due to technical requirements products may contain dangerous substances. For information on the types in question please contact your nearest Infineon Technologies office.

Except as otherwise explicitly approved by Infineon Technologies in a written document signed by authorized representatives of Infineon Technologies, Infineon Technologies' products may not be used in any applications where a failure of the product or any consequences of the use thereof can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury.